



# Aviation Fuel JET-A1

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Date of issue: 6/28/2007

Revision date: 5/30/2017

Version: 3.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Chemical type : Substance  
Trade name : Aviation Fuel JET-A1  
EC Index-No. : 649-423-00-8  
EC-No. : 265-184-9  
CAS-No. : 64742-81-0  
REACH registration No : 01-2119462828-25  
Product code : MOL\_0511\_001\_MOL\_0511\_002

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Consumer use, Professional use  
Industrial/Professional use spec : Manufacture of substance  
Distribution of substance  
Use as an intermediate  
Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures  
Uses in Coatings  
Use in Cleaning Agents  
Metal working fluids / rolling oils  
Use as binders and release agents  
Use in Agrochemicals  
Road and construction applications  
Use as a fuel  
Lubricants  
Explosives manufacture & use  
Functional Fluids

##### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: MOL Hungarian Oil and Gas Public Limited Company, Refining

Address: 2443 Százhalombatta, POB.1.

Telephone: +36-23-552-511,

Fax: +36-23-553-122

Distributor: MOL Hungarian Oil and Gas Public Limited Company

Address: 1117 Budapest, Október huszonharmadika utca 18.

Telephone, fax.: +36-1-209-0000

The competent person responsible for Safety Data Sheet: sds@mol.hu

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

| Country        | Organisation/Company  | Address   | Emergency number | Comment |
|----------------|---|---|------------------|---------|
| United Kingdom | National Poisons Information Service (Belfast Centre)<br>Royal Victoria Hospital                                | Grosvenor Road<br>BT12 6BA Belfast                          | 0344 892 0111    |         |
| United Kingdom | National Poisons Information Service (Birmingham Centre)<br>City Hospital                                       | Dudley Road<br>B18 7QH Birmingham                           | 0344 892 0111    |         |
| United Kingdom | National Poisons Information Service (Cardiff Centre)<br>Gwenwyn Ward, Llandough Hospital                       | Penarth<br>CF64 2XX Cardiff                                 | 0344 892 0111    |         |
| United Kingdom | National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh<br>Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh                                  | Little France Crescent<br>EH16 4SA Edinburgh                | 0344 892 0111    |         |
| United Kingdom | Guy's & St Thomas' Poisons Unit<br>Medical Toxicology Unit, Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital Trust                   | Avonley Road<br>SE14 5ER London                             | 0870 243 2241    |         |
| United Kingdom | National Poisons Information Service (Newcastle Centre)<br>Regional Drugs and Therapeutics Centre, Wolfson Unit | Claremont Place<br>Newcastle-upon-Tyne<br>NE1 4LP Newcastle | 0344 892 0111    |         |

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

|  |      |
|--|------|
| Flammable liquids, Category 3  | H226 |
| Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2                                  | H315 |
| Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis | H336 |
| Aspiration hazard, Category 1  | H304 |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2      | H411 |

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :



|                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Signal word (CLP)              | : Danger  |
| Hazard statements (CLP)        | : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour<br>H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways<br>H315 - Causes skin irritation<br>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness<br>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects  |
| Precautionary statements (CLP) | : P102 - Keep out of reach of children<br>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking<br>P273 - Avoid release to the environment<br>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face shield<br>P301+P310+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting |

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Can form explosive mixture with air.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

|              |                        |
|--------------|------------------------|
| Name         | : Aviation Fuel JET-A1 |
| CAS-No.      | : 64742-81-0           |
| EC-No.       | : 265-184-9            |
| EC Index-No. | : 649-423-00-8         |

| Name   | Product identifier  | %      |
|--|---|--------|
| Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (Main constituent) | (CAS-No.) 64742-81-0<br>(EC-No.) 265-184-9<br>(EC Index-No.) 649-423-00-8<br>(REACH-no) 01-2119462828-25-0063 | <= 100 |

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces. Drench contaminated clothing with water before removing to avoid risk of sparks from static electricity. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If casualty is unconscious and no breathing: Ensure that there is no obstruction to breathing and give artificial respiration by trained personnel. If necessary, give external cardiac massage and obtain medical advice. Breathing Allow the victim to rest. Obtain medical assistance if breathing remains difficult.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing, contaminated footwear and dispose of safely. Wash affected area with soap and water. When using high-pressure equipment, injection of product can occur. If high-pressure injuries occur, immediately seek professional medical attention. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. For minor thermal burns, cool the burn. Hold the burned area under cold running water for at least five minutes, or until the pain subsides. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn. Remove non-sticking garments carefully. DO NOT attempt to remove portions of clothing glued to burnt skin but cut round them. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. If hot product is splashed into the eye, it should be cooled down immediately to dissipate heat, under cold running water.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Always assume that aspiration has occurred.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/effects : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Inhalation of vapours may cause headache, nausea, vomiting and an altered state of consciousness. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Chemical pneumonia. Risk of lung oedema.
- Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. Dry skin. May cause burn in case of contact with product at high temperature.
- Symptoms/effects after eye contact : mild eye irritation. May cause burn in case of contact with product at high temperature.
- Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Ingestion (swallowing) of this material may result in an altered state of consciousness and loss of coordination. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam (trained personnel only). Water fog (trained personnel only). Carbon dioxide. Other inert gases (subject to regulations). Sand or earth. Dry powder.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use direct water jets on the burning product. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Combustible liquid. Heating may cause a fire or explosion. May build up electrostatic charges: risk of ignition.
- Explosion hazard : Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. They may be ignited by heat, sparks, static electricity or flames.
- Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Toxic fumes may be released.
- Hungarian fire hazard

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Precautionary measures fire : Keep container closed when not in use. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate area. Contain the extinguishing fluids by bunding.
- Protection during firefighting : In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Other information : Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide. High temperature decomposition products are harmful by inhalation.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Evacuate area. Stop engines and no smoking. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Spilled material may present a slipping hazard.

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### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Work gloves (preferably gauntlets) providing adequate chemical resistance. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours/H<sub>2</sub>S, or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
- Emergency procedures : Keep upwind. Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with released material. Do not breathe vapours. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares. Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation.

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Collect spillage.
- Methods for cleaning up : Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal. In case of small spillages in closed waters, contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. Consult an expert on waste disposal or treatment.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : In use, may form flammable vapour-air mixture. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.
- Precautions for safe handling : Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. Avoid contact with the hot product. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Prevent the build-up of electrostatic charge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid splash filling of bulk volumes when handling hot liquid product. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside the pockets. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.
- Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content, hydrogen sulphide (H<sub>2</sub>S) and flammability. Empty containers may contain flammable product residues. Do not weld, solder, drill, cut or incinerate empty containers, unless they have been properly cleaned.
- Storage conditions : Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in original container. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Incompatible products : Oxidizing agent.
- Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Heat sources. Direct sunlight.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Site documentation to support safe handling arrangements including the selection of engineering, administrative and personal protective equipment controls in accordance with risk-based management systems is available at each manufacturing site.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

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Additional information : There is no specified limit for the product (or for the ingredients) according to the 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM-SzCsM Hungarian regulation.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Use in contained systems.

Personal protective equipment : Gloves. EN 374. In case of splash hazard: safety glasses. EN 166. Full protective flameproof clothing.

Materials for protective clothing : Protective clothing. Clothing to protect against heat and flame (EN 11612)

Hand protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Gloves must be periodically inspected and changed in case of wear, perforations or contaminations.

Eye protection : If contact is likely, a protection (protective shield or safety goggles) should be used.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Chemical resistant safety shoes

Respiratory protection : Respirators are not required if the product used in closed technology. If necessary, approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used when handling hot product in confined spaces: enclosed face mask with cartridge/filter type "A" or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Change filter cartridge on respirator daily



## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Colour : Colourless. light yellow.

Odour : odourless.

Freezing point : < -47 °C

Boiling point : 146 - 300 °C

Flash point : > 40 (29 - 70) °C Pensky-Martens

Explosive limits (vol %) : 0.6 - 6.5 vol %

Vapour pressure : < 1 (≤ 3.7) kPa EN 13016-1

Density : 0.77 - 0.85 g/cm<sup>3</sup> 15 °C-on, EN ISO 12185

Auto-ignition temperature : 220 - 250 °C

Viscosity, kinematic : 1.1 - 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s 20°C

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

This substance is stable under all ordinary circumstances at ambient temperatures, and if released into the environment.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

They may be ignited by heat, sparks, static electricity or flames.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored normally.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

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| <b>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)</b> |   |
|---|---|
| LD50 oral rat   | > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight literature data |
| LD50 dermal rabbit  | > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight literature data |
| LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)                                  | > 58.2 mg/l literature data             |

|                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Skin corrosion/irritation          | : Causes skin irritation.                       |
| Serious eye damage/irritation      | : Not classified                                |
| Respiratory or skin sensitisation: | : Not classified                                |
| Germ cell mutagenicity             | : Not classified                                |
| Carcinogenicity                    | : Not classified                                |
| Reproductive toxicity              | : Not classified                                |
| STOT-single exposure               | : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.            |
| STOT-repeated exposure             | : Not classified                                |
| Aspiration hazard                  | : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |

| <b>Aviation Fuel JET-A1 (64742-81-0)</b> |                                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Viscosity, kinematic                     | 1.1 - 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s 20°C |

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Toxic to aquatic life.

| <b>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)</b> |                             |
|---|-----------------------------|
| LC50 fish 1   | 1 - 20 mg/l literature data |
| EC50 Daphnia 1  | 1 - 20 mg/l literature data |
| EC50 other aquatic organisms 1                              | 1 - 20 mg/l literature data |

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

| <b>Aviation Fuel JET-A1 (64742-81-0)</b> |   |
|--|---|
| Persistence and degradability            | May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. |

| <b>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)</b> |  |
|---|--|
| Biodegradation  | inherent biodegradable (literature data) |

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| <b>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (64742-81-0)</b> |   |
|---|---|
| Log Kow   | > 4 potentially bioaccumulative (literature data) |

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

| <b>Aviation Fuel JET-A1 (64742-81-0)</b>   |  |
|--|--|
| This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII  |  |
| This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII |  |

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

|                                 |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Regional legislation (waste)    | : 2012. évi CLXXXV. törvény a hulladékról. DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives.   |
| Waste treatment methods         | : Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations. External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. If recycling is not possible, eliminate in accordance with local valid waste disposal regulations. |
| Sewage disposal recommendations | : Do not empty into drains. Dispose of at a licensed waste collection centre.  |
| Waste disposal recommendations  | : Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Dispose of waste and used sacks/containers according to local regulations.  |
| Additional information          | : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.  |
| Ecology - waste materials       | : Hazardous waste. Avoid any discharge of the product into waste water. Recycle by distillation. Recycle/reuse. Disposal in high-temperature incinerator (> 1200 °C).  |

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EWC (EURAL) code : 13 07 03\* - other fuels (including mixtures)

### SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADN / ADR / IATA / IMDG / RID

| ADR   | RID  | ADN                                 | IMDG  | IATA   |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| <b>14.1. UN number</b>  |  |                                     |   |  |
| 1223  | 1223   | 1223                                | 1223  | 1223   |
| <b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>  |  |                                     |   |  |
| KEROSENE  | KEROSENE   | KEROSENE                            | KEROSENE  | Kerosene   |
| <b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>   |  |                                     |   |  |
| 3<br>                                 | 3<br> | 3                                   | 3   | 3<br> |
| <b>14.4. Packing group</b>  |  |                                     |   |  |
| III   | III  | III                                 | III   | III  |
| <b>14.5. Environmental hazards</b>  |  |                                     |   |  |
| Dangerous for the environment : Yes   | Dangerous for the environment : Yes  | Dangerous for the environment : Yes | Dangerous for the environment : Yes<br>Marine pollutant : Yes | Dangerous for the environment : Yes  |
| <b>14.6. Special precautions for user</b>   |  |                                     |   |  |
| 30  | 30   | 3 + N2 +F                           | EmS-No. (Fire) F-E<br>EmS-No. (Spillage) S-E                  |  |
| F1  | F1   | F1                                  |   |  |
| Environmentally hazardous substances derogation applies (quantity of liquids ≤ 5 litres or net mass of solids ≤ 5 kg) |  |                                     |   |  |
| No supplementary information available  |  |                                     |   |  |

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

##### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006. REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

No REACH Annex XVII restrictions

Aviation Fuel JET-A1 is not on the REACH Candidate List

Aviation Fuel JET-A1 is not on the REACH Annex XIV List

##### 15.1.2. National regulations

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out

### SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes:

|        |              |         |                                |
|--------|--------------|---------|--------------------------------|
| 1.-16. | All Sections | updated | All Sections have been updated |
|--------|--------------|---------|--------------------------------|

Abbreviations and acronyms:

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| ADN | European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways |
| ADR | European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road             |
| ATE | Acute Toxicity Estimate   |
| BCF | Bioconcentration factor   |

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|       |   |
|-------|---|
| CLP   | Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008                       |
| DMEL  | Derived Minimal Effect level  |
| DNEL  | Derived-No Effect Level   |
| EC50  | Median effective concentration  |
| IARC  | International Agency for Research on Cancer   |
| IATA  | International Air Transport Association   |
| IMDG  | International Maritime Dangerous Goods  |
| LC50  | Median lethal concentration   |
| LD50  | Median lethal dose  |
| LOAEL | Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  |
| NOAEC | No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  |
| NOAEL | No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  |
| NOEC  | No-Observed Effect Concentration  |
| OECD  | Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  |
| PBT   | Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  |
| PNEC  | Predicted No-Effect Concentration   |
| REACH | Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 |
| RID   | Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail                      |
| SDS   | Safety Data Sheet   |
| STP   | Sewage treatment plant  |
| TLM   | Median Tolerance Limit  |
| vPvB  | Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative  |

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. <http://echa.europa.eu/>. CONCAWE registration dossier. Data arise from reference works and literature. Data relies on practical experience.

Training advice : Normal use of this product shall imply use in accordance with the instructions on the packaging.

### Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226  
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 H315  
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis H336  
Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304  
Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2 H411

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2      |
| Asp. Tox. 1       | Aspiration hazard, Category 1  |
| Flam. Liq. 3      | Flammable liquids, Category 3  |
| Skin Irrit. 2     | Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2                                  |
| STOT SE 3         | Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis |
| H226              | Flammable liquid and vapour  |
| H304              | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways                           |
| H315              | Causes skin irritation   |
| H336              | May cause drowsiness or dizziness                                      |
| H411              | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects                        |

SDS EU (REACH Annex II) MOL

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*